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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/580,497	05/23/2006	Josi Rosenfeld	GB 030214	2311	
24737 PHII IPS INTE	7590 05/13/200 ELLECTUAL PROPER	EXAM	EXAMINER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/580,497	ROSENFELD, JOSI	
Examiner	Art Unit	
PING Y. HSIEH	2618	
	10/580,497 Examiner	10/580,497 ROSENFELD, JOSI Examiner Art Unit

	PING Y. HSIEH	2618	l
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 29 April 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
 X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	vhich places the r (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: (1 box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (1).	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth i ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	on.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(1		FIRST REPLT WAS FIL	TED MITHIN 146
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period avoid under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office there may reduce any earmed patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.13 ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee te action; or (2) as
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the property of the pr	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	of the date of appeal. Since
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t They raise new issues that would require further cor They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below 	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett	ter form for appeal by materially rec	lucing or simplifying tl	ne issues for
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	porroonanding number of finally rais	ated alaims	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number or finally reje	cted claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21 See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mnliant Amendment (PTOL-324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		inpliant / tinonamont (i	I OL OL+).
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	owable if submitted in a separate, t		
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		be entered and an e	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: 2-6,14,17,20-24,26 and 27. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•	
 The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).		
	/Lana N. Le/		
	Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 2614	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

- a. In pages 8 and 9 of the remarks, regarding claim 2, applicant argues that Goren does not disclose applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value. Additionally, Goren does not disclose selecting either a correlation processing operation or a leading edge processing operation based on the determination of whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value.
- The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren indeed discloses applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above at threshold value (determining if the correlation function quality is sufficient in step 1575, fig. 15; and further determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-59), and selecting either a correlation processing operation for a leading edge processing operation based on the determination of whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value (use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 in the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 in the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use 1504 in the collection of t
- b. In page 9 of the remarks, regarding claim 3, applicant argues that Goren does not disclose determining whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value for the reasons state above. Additionally, Goren does not disclose selecting the correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value.
- -The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren indeed discloses determining whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value for the reasons state above. Additionally, Goren further discloses selecting the correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value (use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in flo. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-561.
- c. In page 9 of the remarks, regarding claim 4, applicant argues that neither Goren nor Diener disclose or fairly suggest determining whether the signal level of the received signal is above a threshold value or testing whether a leading edge gradient is above a gradient threshold value when the received signal level is above a threshold value.
- The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren and Diener indeed discloses determining whether the signal level of the received signal is above a threshold value (Goren, determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-59) or testing whether a leading edge gradient is above a gradient threshold value when the received signal level is above a threshold value (Diener, a signal detector 502 and a pulse detector coupled to the peak detector that detects from the peak information pulses that meet the configured criteria as disclosed in 0.8 lines 41 46).
- d. In page 10 of the remarks, regarding claim 5, applicant argues that Coren does not disclose applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value and selecting a correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value. Additionally, Goren does not disclose another test to determine whether a leading edge gradient is below a gradient threshold value and in response to the leading edge gradient being below a gradient threshold selecting a leading edge processing operation. Diener referenced by the examiner fails to cure these shortcomings.
- The examiner respectfully disagrees. The combination indeed discloses applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value (Goren, determining if the correlation function quality is sufficient in slep 1575, fig. 15; and further determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-59); and selecting a correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value (Goren, use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56). The combination further discloses another test to determine whether a leading edge gradient bis below a gradient threshold value and in response to the leading edge gradient bis ploelow a gradient threshold selecting a leading edge processing operation (Goren, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 56-59; and leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 56-59 and leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A
- e. In page 10 of the remarks, regarding claim 6, applicant argues that neither Goren nor Diener disclose testing whether a leading edge gradient is above a gradient threshold value. Additionally, neither Goren nor Diener disclose selecting a correlation processing operation when the leading edge gradient is above a gradient threshold value.
- The examiner respectfully disagrees. The combination indeed discloses if the leading edge gradient is above the gradient threshold value, the correlation processing operation is selected (Diener et al., knowing the type of the signal to be located after detecting from the peak information pulses that meet the configured criteria, can be useful in deciding on what type of signaling process to use in order to obtain TDOA measurements to locate the source of the signal as disclosed in col. 8 lines 41 55; and Goren et al., correlation function quality sufficient step 1575 as disclosed in Fig. 15).
- f. In pages 10-12 of the remarks, regarding daim 14, applicant argues that Coren does not disclose applying at least one test on the received signals prior to processing the signals to select a processing operation on the signals, the operation gone of the following: a correlation processing operation, and a leading edge processing operation. Goren does not disclose applying a test to determine a signal to noise ratio of the received signal in order to select either a correlation processing operation or a leading edge processing

operation, Additionally, applicant respectfully traverses the attempted use of Official Notice as improper,

- The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren indeed discloses applying at least one test on the received signals prior to processing the signals to select a processing operation on the signals (determining if the correlation function quality is sufficient set per 150 as disclosed in fig. 15A and 0.0 22 lines 43-59), and the operation being one of the following: a correlation processing operation, and a leading edge processing operation, use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-95; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1580 if the peak 1502 is overlap or mere with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 56-59). Furthermore, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant felies (ie., applying a test determine a signal to noise ratio of the received signal in order to select either a correlation processing operation or a leading edge processing operation) are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USP02d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Finally, measuring a gradient using the a well known formula is not a necessary element of the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, improper.
- g. In page 12 of the remarks, regardign claim 17, applicant argues that Goren does not disclose testing the noise degradation and multi-path degradation of the received signal and in response to this test selecting a processing operation.
- -The examiner respectfully disagrees. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., testing the noise degradation and multi-path degradation of the received signal) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ24 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).
- h. In pages 12 and 13 of the remarks, regarding claim 20, applicant argues that Goren does not disclose testing the noise degradation and multi-path degradation of the received signal and in response to this test selecting a processing operation.
- -The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren indeed discloses testing the noise degradation and multi-path degradation of the received signal (determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and rou. 22 lines 43-59) and in response to this test selecting a processing operation (use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 65-659).
- i. In page 13 of the remarks, regarding claim 21, applicant argues that Goren does not disclose applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value.
- The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren indeed discloses applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value (determining if the correlation function quality is sufficient in step 1575, fig. 15; and further determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-59), and selecting either a correlation processing operation or a leading edge processing operation based on the determination of whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value (use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56; or in some cases, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56.
- j. In page 13 of the remarks, regarding claim 22, applicant argues that Goren does not disclose determining whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value for the reasons state above. Additionally, Goren does not disclose selecting the correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value.
- -The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren indeed discloses determining whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value for the reasons state above. Goren further discloses selecting the correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value (use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56).
- In page 13 of the remarks, regarding claim 23, applicant argues that neither Goren nor Diener disclose determining whether the signal level of the received signal is above a threshold value or testing whether a leading edge gradient is above a gradient threshold value when the received signal level is above a threshold value.
- -The examiner respectfully disagrees. Goren and Diener indeed discloses determining whether the signal level of the received signal is above a threshold value (Goren, determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-59) or testing whether a leading edge gradient is above a gradient threshold value when the received signal level is above a threshold value (Diener, a signal detector 520 and a pulse detector coupled to the peak detector that detects from the peak information pulses that meet the configured criteria as disclosed in col. 8 lines 41 46).
- In page 13 of the remarks, regarding claim 24, applicant argues that neither Goren nor Diener disclose testing whether the signal is above a threshold value and another test to whether a leading edge gradient is below a gradient threshold value and in response to the leading edge gradient being below a gradient threshold selecting a leading edge processing operation.
- -The examiner respectfully disagrees. The combination indeed

determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value (Coren, determining if the correlation function quality is sufficient in step 1575, fg. 15; and further determining if the peak 1502 as able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merey thin multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 43-59); and selecting a correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value (Goren, use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-56). The combination further disloses another test to determine whether a leading edge gradient is below a gradient method of value and in response to the leading edge gradient being below a gradient threshold selected leading edge gradient being below a gradient threshold selected leading edge gradient being below a gradient method selection selection (Coren, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 65-59; and leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 is overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 65-59; and leading edge gradient/gradient threshold as disclosed by Diener et al. in col. 8 lines 41 -46).

m. In pages 13 and 14 of the remarks, regarding claim 27, applicant argues that there is no rejection and therefore is allowable. Moreover, Goren does not disclose applying a test to prior to processing the received signals determine whether a signal level is above a threshold value. Deiner referenced by the examiner fails to cure these shortcomings. Additionally, neither Goren nor Diener disclose or fairly suggest selecting either a correlation processing operation or a leading edge processing operation based on the determination of whether the signal level of the received signals is above a threshold value.

-The examiner respectfully disagrees. Claim 27 is rejected in pages 12 and 13 of the Final Office Action mailed on 3/4/09. The combination of Goren and Diener indeed discloses applying a test bp rior to processing the received signals determine where a signal level is above a threshold value (Goren, determining if the correlation function quality is sufficient in step 1575, fig. 15; and further determining if the peak 1502 is able to be distinguished from peak 1504 or overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in 15.4 and col. 22 lines 43-59); and selecting a correlation processing operation if the signal level of the received signal is below a threshold value (Goren, use channel estimation operation 1590 if the peak 1502 can be distinguished from peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 49-65) recombination further disloses another test to determine whether a leading edge gradient is below a gradient threshold value and in response to the leading edge gradient being below a gradient threshold selecting a leading edge processing operation (Goren, use leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 as overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 56-59; and leading edge operation 1585 if the peak 1502 as overlap or merge with multipath peak 1504 as disclosed in fig. 15A and col. 22 lines 56-59; and

Therefore, based on the logical response to the arguments provided above, the examiner respectfully renders claims 2-6, 14, 17, 20-24 and 27 unpatentable over the cited art. Applicant presents additional arguments which do not render the claims allowable after the prosecution on the merit is closed.